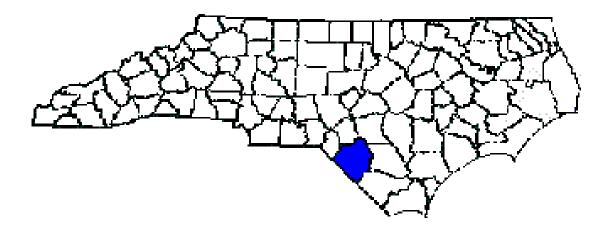
ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2011



Unnamed Tributary to Lumber River Mitigation Site Robeson County TIP No. R-0513WM



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September 2011

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SUMMARY

The following report summarizes the stream monitoring activities that have occurred during 2011 at the Unnamed Tributaries to Lumber River (UT to Lumber River) Mitigation Site in Robeson County. The site was constructed during 2007 by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). This report provides the monitoring results for the fourth formal year of monitoring (Year 2011). The Year 2011 monitoring period is the fourth of five scheduled years for monitoring on UT to Lumber River (See Success Criteria Section 2.1).

Based on the overall conclusions of monitoring along UT to Lumber River, the site has met the required monitoring protocols for channel stability but has not met the vegetative success criteria for the fourth formal year of monitoring. Based on comparing the monitoring data to the as-built data, the channel is stable throughout the stream at this time. The planted buffer upstream of Daystorm Road is not meeting the vegetative success criteria for the fourth year of monitoring due to a recent brush fire that occurred onsite. The buffer upstream of Daystorm Road will be supplementally planted by March 2012.

The longitudinal profile survey was not conducted along the stream at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site in 2011 due to extensive vegetation growth along the channel. The heavy vegetation growth made it impossible to survey the channel without cutting down many of the desired species along the channel. NCDOT emailed the regulatory agencies on September 28, 2011 to propose to discontinue profile monitoring. It was determined through email responses that in lieu of doing the longitudinal profile, visual inspection of the channel stability throughout the reach and photo documentation at the permanent photo point locations would be completed. All other monitoring activities will continue to be completed throughout the five year monitoring period.

NCDOT will continue stream monitoring at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site for 2012.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

The following report summarizes the stream monitoring activities that have occurred during 2011 at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site. The site is located adjacent to the US 74 westbound lanes and split by SR 1362 Daystorm Road near Maxton (Figure 1). The UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site was constructed to provide mitigation for stream impacts associated with Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) number R-0513 in Robeson County.

The mitigation project covers approximately 3,260 linear feet of Priority II stream restoration. Construction was completed in December 2007 by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). Stream restoration involved the installation of rock cross vanes, log cross vanes, log sills and rootwads, construction of a new stream channel and construction of the floodplain to allow for overbank flooding. It also included the installation of coir fiber matting and live stakes along the streambank and bareroot seedlings in the buffer area.

1.2 Purpose

In order for a mitigation site to be considered successful, the site must meet the success criteria. This report details the monitoring in 2011 at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site. Hydrologic monitoring was not required for the site.

1.3 Project History

December 2007 Construction Completed

March 2008 Planted Live Stakes and Bareroot Seedlings

August 2008 Kudzu Treated

August 2008 Vegetation Monitoring (1 yr.)
October 2008 Stream Channel Monitoring (1 yr.)

June 2009 Kudzu Treated

July 2009

November 2009

August 2010

Vegetation Monitoring (2 yr.)

Stream Channel Monitoring (2 yr.)

Vegetation Monitoring (3 yr.)

September 2010 Kudzu Treated

November 2010 Stream Channel Monitoring (3 yr.)

September 2011 Kudzu Treated

September 2011 Vegetation and Stream Channel Monitoring (4 yr.)

1.4 Debit Ledger

The entire UT to Lumber River stream mitigation site was used for the R-0513 project to compensate for unavoidable stream impacts.

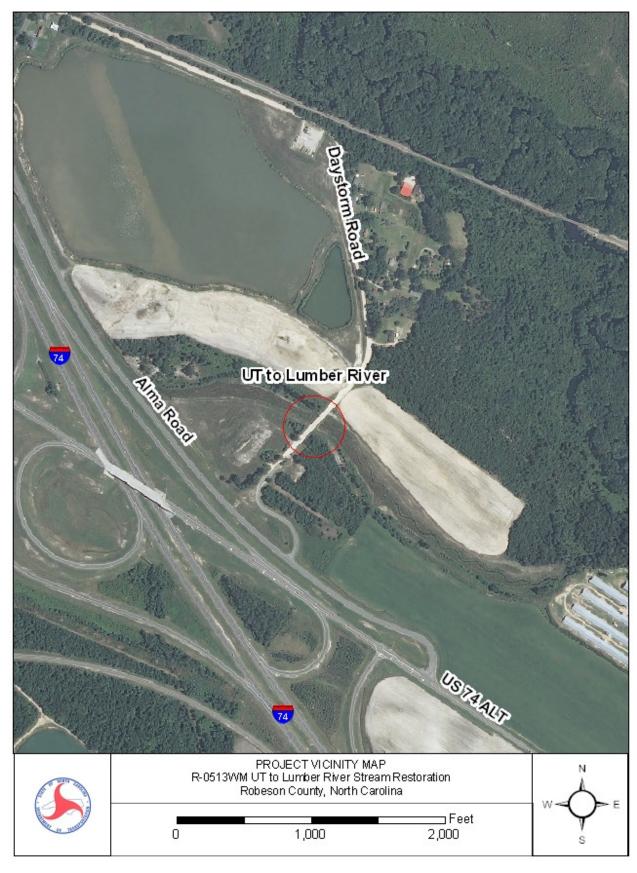


Figure 1. Vicinity Map

2.0 STREAM ASSESSMENT

2.1 Success Criteria

In accordance with the approved mitigation plan, NCDOT will evaluate the success of the stream restoration project based on guidance provided by the Stream Mitigation Guidelines disseminated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District. The survey of channel dimension will consist of permanent cross sections placed at approximately two cross sections (one riffle and one pool) per unique stream segment. The cross sections will represent approximately 50% riffles and 50% pools. Annual photographs showing both banks and upstream and downstream views will be taken from permanent, mapped photo points. The survey of the longitudinal profile will represent distinct areas of restoration and will cover a cumulative total of 3,000 linear feet of channel. Newly-constructed meanders will be surveyed to provide pattern measurements. The entire restored length of stream will be investigated for channel stability and in-stream structure functionality. Any evidence of channel instability will be identified, mapped and photographed.

Vegetation Success

The success of vegetation plantings will be measured through stem counts. Permanent quadrants will be used to sample the riparian buffer and restoration wetlands. Survival of the live stakes will be determined by visual observation throughout the 5 year monitoring period.

Bare root vegetation will be evaluated using 5 staked survival plots. Plots will be 25 ft. by 25 ft. and all flagged stems will be counted in those plots. Success will be defined as 320 stems per acre after 3 years and 260 stems per acre after 5 years. All vegetation monitoring will be conducted during the growing season.

2.2 Stream Description

2.2.1 Post-Construction Conditions

The mitigation project covers approximately 3,260 linear feet of Priority II stream restoration. Construction was completed in December 2007 by NCDOT. Stream restoration involved the installation of rock cross vanes, log cross vanes, log sills and rootwads, construction of a new stream channel and construction of the floodplain to allow for overbank flooding. It also included the installation of coir fiber matting and live stakes along the streambank and bareroot seedlings in the buffer area.

2.2.2 Monitoring Conditions

The objective of the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site restoration was to build a C5 stream type as identified in the Rosgen's Applied River Morphology. A total of eleven cross sections (five in a riffle, six in a pool) were surveyed. For this report, all cross sections were included in Table 1 but only cross sections containing riffles were used in the comparison of channel morphology.

| | Table 1. Abbreviated Morphological Summary (UT Lumber River Cross Sections #1, #3, #5, #7 & #11) | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Variable | Proposed | Cross Section #1 (Riffle) | Cross Section #3 (Riffle) | Cross Section #5 (Riffle) | Cross Section #7 (Riffle) | Cross Section #11 (Riffle) | Min Max Values (Riffle Sections Only) | | |
| | | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | | |
| Drainage Area (sq. mi) | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 13.0 | 10.93 | 11.4 | 11 | 13 | 12.69 | 10.93 – 13 | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.70 | 0.54 | 0.61 | 0.66 | 0.82 | 0.87 | 0.54 - 0.87 | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 18.5 | 20.24 | 18.69 | 16.67 | 15.85 | 14.59 | 14.59 – 20.24 | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) | 9.30 | 5.86 | 6.91 | 7.3 | 10.63 | 11.09 | 5.86 - 11.09 | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 0.90 | 0.84 | 1 | 0.97 | 1.34 | 1.27 | 0.84 – 1.34 | | |
| Floodprone Area (ft) | 60 | 55.25 | 58 | 63 | 69 | 44 | 44 – 69 | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 4.60 | 5.06 | 5.09 | 5.73 | 5.31 | 3.47 | 3.47 – 5.73 | | |

^{*}Drainage Area, Floodprone Width, and Slope are averaged values only.
*Riffle values are used for classification purposes.

2.3 Results of the Stream Assessment

2.3.1 Site Data

The assessment included the survey of eleven cross sections and the longitudinal profile of UT to Lumber River established by the NCDOT after construction. The length of the profile along UT to Lumber River was approximately 3,160 linear feet. Eleven cross sections were established during the 2008 monitoring year. Cross section locations were subsequently based on the stationing of the longitudinal profile and are presented below. The locations of the cross sections and longitudinal profiles are shown in Appendix A.

- ◆ Cross Section #1. UT to Lumber River, Station 279+00 linear feet, midpoint of riffle
- ◆ Cross Section #2. UT to Lumber River, Station 479+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #3. UT to Lumber River, Station 849+00 linear feet, midpoint of riffle
- ◆ Cross Section #4. UT to Lumber River, Station 964+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #5. UT to Lumber River, Station 1258+00 linear feet, midpoint of riffle
- ◆ Cross Section #6. UT to Lumber River, Station 1456+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #7. UT to Lumber River, Station 1874+00 linear feet, midpoint of riffle
- Cross Section #8. UT to Lumber River, Station 1913+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #9. UT to Lumber River, Station 2565+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #10. UT to Lumber River, Station 2852+00 linear feet, midpoint of pool
- ◆ Cross Section #11. UT to Lumber River, Station 3047+00 linear feet, midpoint of riffle

Based on comparisons of the monitoring data, all eleven cross sections appear stable with little or no active bank erosion. Graphs of the cross sections are presented in Appendix A. Future survey data will vary depending on actual location of rod placement and alignment; however this information should remain similar in appearance.

The longitudinal profile survey was not conducted along the stream at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site in 2011 due to extensive vegetation growth along the channel. The heavy vegetation growth made it impossible to survey the channel without cutting down many of the desired species along the channel. NCDOT emailed the regulatory agencies on September 28, 2011 to propose to discontinue profile monitoring. It was determined through email responses that in lieu of doing the longitudinal profile, visual inspection of the channel stability throughout the reach and photo documentation at the permanent photo point locations would be completed. All other monitoring activities will continue to be completed throughout the five year monitoring period.

Photo points 1 through 11 showed an extensive growth of herbaceous and woody vegetation. The channel bed is stable throughout the stream restoration project at this time. Beaver dams noted during the 2010 monitoring evaluation were removed and the beavers were trapped by USDA during the 2011 monitoring year.

2.4 Results of Stream and Buffer Vegetation

2.4.1 Description of Species

The following live stake species were planted on the streambank:

Cephalanthus occidentalis, Buttonbush

Cornus amomum, Silky Dogwood

The following tree species were planted in the buffer area:

Quercus falcate var. pagodaefolia, Cherrybark Oak

Quercus laurifolia, Laurel Oak

Quercus michauxii, Swamp Chestnut Oak

Quercus nigra, Water Oak

Myrica cerifera, Wax Myrtle

Nyssa sylvatica var. biflora, Swamp Blackgum

Nyssa aquatica, Water Tupelo

2.4.2 Results of Vegetation Monitoring

Table 2. Vegetation Monitoring Results: Five 25 ft. x 25 ft. vegetation plots were set to determine the trees per acre in the buffer area.

| Plot # | Cherrybark Oak | Laurel Oak | Swamp Chestnut Oak | Water Oak | Wax Myrtle | Swamp Blackgum | Water Tupelo | Total (4 year) | Total (at planting) | Density (Trees/Acre) |
|--------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 19 | 72 |
| 2 | | | | | | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 1 | 97 |
| 3 | 3 | | 1 | | | 5 | 5 | 14 | 22 | 433 |
| 4 | 1 | | 1 | | | | 8 | 10 | 22 | 309 |
| 5 | | | | | | 3 | 11 | 14 | 25 | 381 |
| Den | rag sity es/ | | e) | | | | | | | 258 |

Site Notes: The buttonbush and silky dogwood live stakes are surviving along the streambank. Other vegetation noted included black willow, woolgrass, red maple, soft rush, baccharis, briars, sweetgum, kudzu, wax myrtle, fennel, lespedeza, pine, cattail, stinkweed, and various grasses. Kudzu that was noted downstream of Daystorm Road was treated prior to construction and has been continually treated throughout the monitoring period. There was a brush fire upstream of Daystorm Road that caused the planted vegetation within buffer area to not meet vegetative success criteria for the site. This area will be supplementally planted by March 2012.

2.4.3 Conclusions

There were five vegetation monitoring plots established throughout the buffer area. The 2011 vegetation monitoring of the site revealed an average tree density of 258 trees per acre. This average is below the minimum success criteria of 290 trees per acre after year four monitoring. NCDOT will supplementally plant the buffer upstream of Daystorm Road by March 2012.

3.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

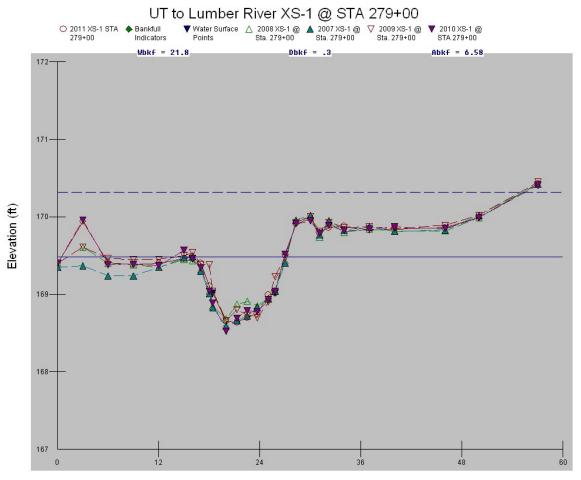
The UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site has met the required monitoring protocols for channel stability but has not met the vegetative success criteria for the fourth formal year of monitoring. The channel and structures throughout the stream are stable at this time. The buffer upstream of Daystorm Road will be supplementally planted by March 2012 due to the recent brush fire on site.

NCDOT will continue stream monitoring at the UT to Lumber River Mitigation Site for 2012.

4.0 REFERENCES

- Wetland and Stream Mitigation Plan for UT to Lumber River; Robeson County, NC, February, 2006
- Rosgen, D.L, 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.
- US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. Prepared with cooperation from the US Environmental Protection Agency, NC Wildlife Resources Commission, and the NC Division of Water Quality.

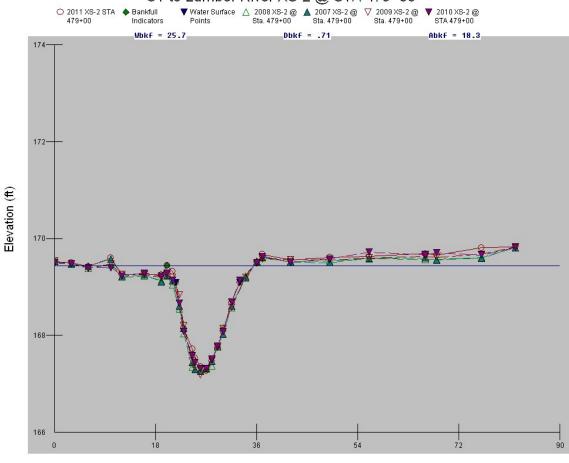
APPENDIX A CROSS SECTION COMPARISONS & LONGTITUDINAL PROFILE



Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #1 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 11.0 | 11.20 | 10.90 | 10.93 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.45 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.54 | | | | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 24.44 | 20.74 | 19.73 | 20.24 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 4.98 | 6.03 | 5.92 | 5.86 | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 0.75 | 0.88 | 0.94 | 0.84 | | | | | |
| Width of the Floodprone Area (ft) | 53 | 56 | 56.83 | 55.25 | | | | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 4.83 | 5.05 | 5.24 | 5.06 | | | | | |

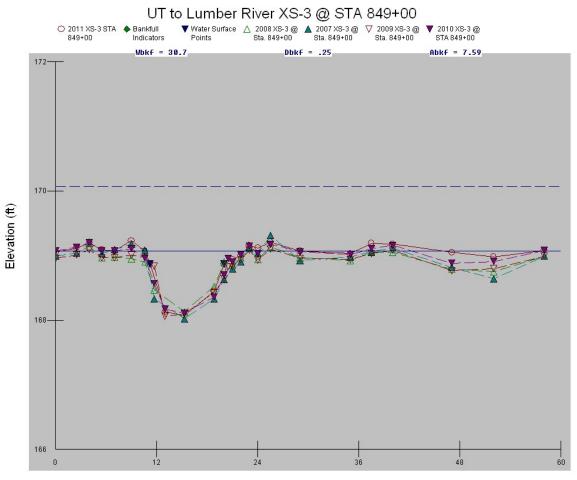
UT to Lumber River XS-2 @ STA 479+00



Horizontal Distance (ft)

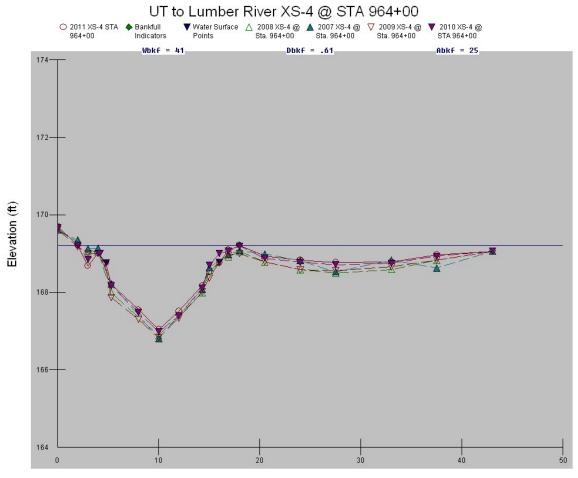
| Cross-Section #2 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 15.31 | 15.05 | 15.12 | 16.89 | | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 1.92 | 2.06 | 1.97 | 2.17 | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1.09 0.84 1.06 1.09 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | Bankfull Width (ft) 14.0 17.92 14.25 15.44 | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchement ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.



Horizontal Distance (ft)

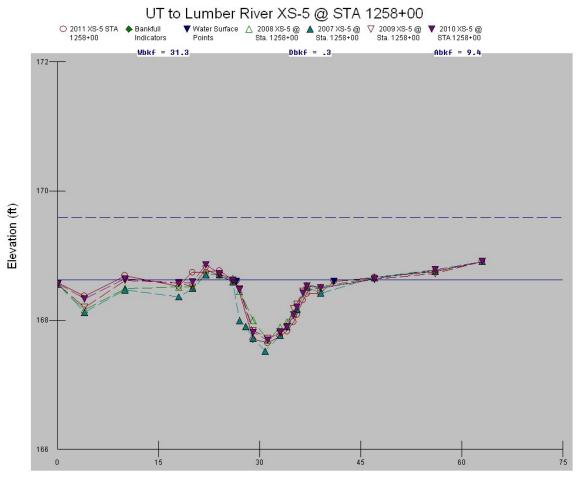
| Cross-Section #3 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2013 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 9.4 | 11.40 | 13.71 | 11.4 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.49 | 0.53 | 0.57 | 0.61 | | | | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 19.18 | 21.51 | 24.05 | 18.69 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 4.64 | 6.06 | 7.87 | 6.91 | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 0.77 | 0.91 | 1.00 | 1 | | | | | |
| Width of the Floodprone Area (ft) | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | | | | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 6.17 | 5.09 | 4.23 | 5.09 | | | | | |



Horizontal Distance (ft)

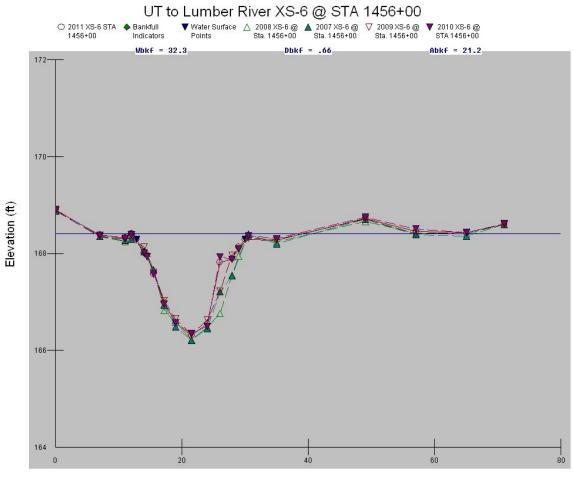
| Cross-Section #4 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) 16.42 17.90 17.16 17.16 | | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 2.17 | 2.29 | 2.21 | 2.17 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1.17 1.28 1.08 1.07 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 14.0 | 14.0 | 15.92 | 15.98 | | | | | |

^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchment ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.



Horizontal Distance (ft)

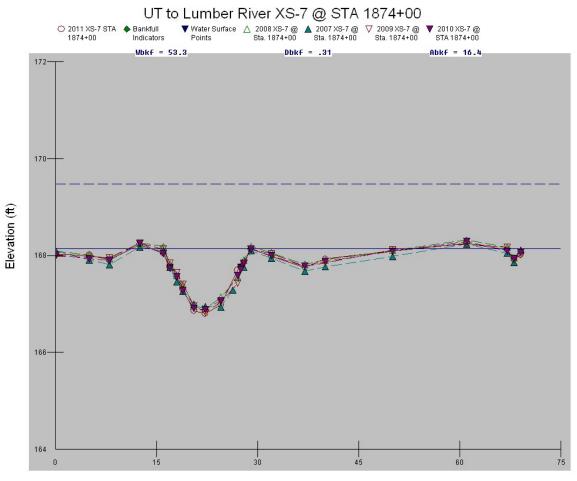
| Cross-Section #5 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 10.45 | 9.31 | 11.00 | 11.00 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.59 | 0.66 | | | | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 21.33 | 19.0 | 18.64 | 16.67 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 5.11 | 4.52 | 6.51 | 7.3 | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 0.85 | 0.73 | 0.93 | 0.97 | | | | | |
| Width of the Floodprone Area (ft) | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | | | | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 6.03 | 6.77 | 5.73 | 5.73 | | | | | |



Horizontal Distance (ft)

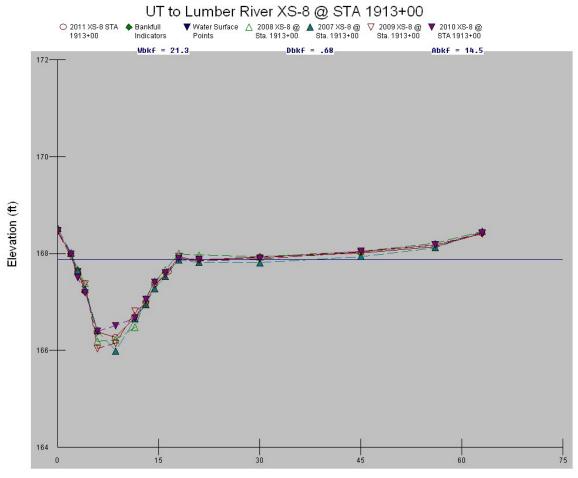
| Cross-Section #6 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 22.71 | 19.06 | 19.54 | 20.06 | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 2.15 | 1.99 | 2.03 | 2.1 | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1.23 1.03 1.06 1.07 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.45 | 18 | | | | |

^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchment ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.



Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #7 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 13 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.8 | 0.79 | 0.75 | 0.82 | | | | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 16.25 | 16.46 | 17.07 | 15.85 | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 10.4 | 10.26 | 9.66 | 10.63 | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 1.28 | 1.30 | 1.19 | 1.34 | | | | | |
| Width of the Floodprone Area (ft) | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | | | | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 5.31 | 5.31 | 5.39 | 5.31 | | | | | |

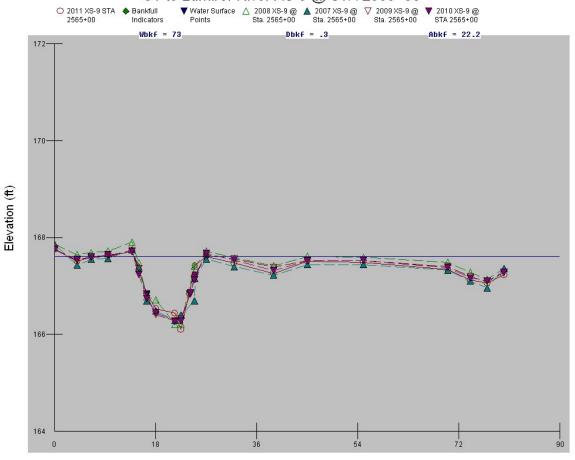


Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #8 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 16.5 | 16.01 | 14.56 | 14.43 | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 1.81 | 1.90 | 1.54 | 1.61 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1.03 1.0 0.92 0.92 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 16 | 16 | Bankfull Width (ft) 16 15.9 15.69 | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchment ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.

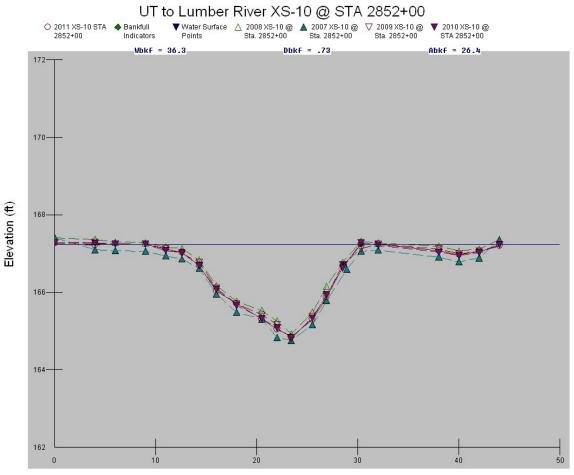
UT to Lumber River XS-9 @ STA 2565+00



Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #9 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) | 10.89 | 11.15 | 11.74 | 10.01 | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 1.51 | 1.36 | 1.40 | 1.51 | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 0.86 0.87 0.90 0.78 | | | | | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 12.61 | 12.88 | 13.10 | 12.86 | | | | |

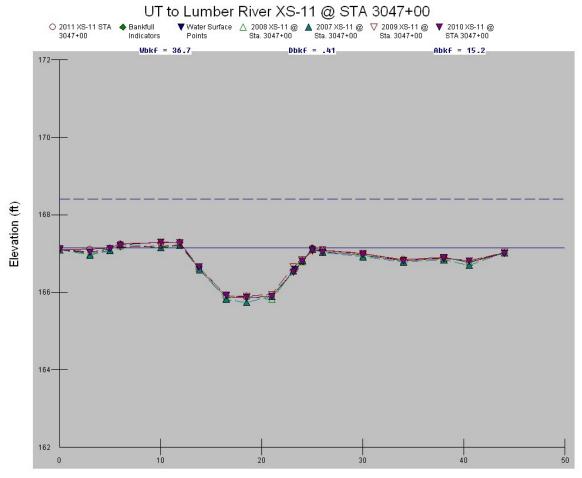
^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchment ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.



Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #10 (Pool) Abbreviated Morphological Summary* | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) | 23.31 | 21.96 | 23.56 | 24.81 | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 2.37 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.39 | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 1.1 | 1.14 | 1.16 | 1.16 | | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 21.23 | 19.3 | 20.27 | 21.3 | | | | |

^{*} According to the Rosgen Classification of Natural Rivers floodprone width, entrenchment ratio, and width depth ratio are not measured in pool, glide, or run features.



Horizontal Distance (ft)

| Cross-Section #11 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | | | |
| Bankfull Width (ft) | 12.76 | 12.57 | 12.56 | 12.69 | | | | |
| Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) | 0.86 | 0.76 | 0.83 | 0.87 | | | | |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 14.84 | 16.54 | 15.13 | 14.59 | | | | |
| Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²) | 10.93 | 9.54 | 10.38 | 11.09 | | | | |
| Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft) | 1.3 | 1.16 | 1.23 | 1.27 | | | | |
| Width of the Floodprone Area (ft) | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | | | | |
| Entrenchment Ratio | 3.45 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.47 | | | | |

APPENDIX B SITE PHOTOGRAPHS, CROSS SECTION, VEGETATION PLOT & PHOTO POINT LOCATIONS



Photo Point #1 (Upstream)



Photo Point #1 (Downstream)



Photo Point #2 (Upstream)



Photo Point #2 (Downstream)



Photo Point #3 (Upstream) September 2011



Photo Point #3 (Downstream)



Photo Point #4 (Upstream)



Photo Point #4 (Downstream)



Photo Point #5 (Upstream)



Photo Point #5 (Downstream)



Photo Point #6 (Upstream) September 2011



Photo Point #6 (Downstream)



Photo Point #7 (Upstream)



Photo Point #7 (Downstream)



Photo Point #8 (Upstream)



Photo Point #8 (Downstream)



Photo Point #9 (Upstream) September 2011



Photo Point #9 (Downstream)



Photo Point #10 (Upstream)



Photo Point #10 (Downstream)



Photo Point #11 (Upstream)



Photo Point #11 (Downstream)



Looking Upstream from Daystorm Rd. September 2011



Looking Downstream from Daystorm Rd.



Looking Upstream from lower end of project September 2011



Looking Downstream from lower end of project

